11-15-15

I. God's Promise Realized - Gen. 21:1-2

- 1. The Lord was gracious (verse 1)
- 2. To Sarah and for Sarah
 - -He promised to her in a world in which men were dominant God gave her a promise
 - -made first to Abraham now to Sarah

Rea

-do you think this was the same promise voiced twice or a separate promise to Sarah and Abraham?

- 3. As He said, and what He promised
 - -to repeat means that God is sure to keep His promise
- 4. What is the promise? that she would have a son
 - A. The reality is reported in verse 2
 - B. The fulfillment of this promise gave hope for future promises to come
 - 1) God promised that Abraham's descendants would be like the stars in the sky (15:5)
 - 2) a great nation (12:2)
 - C. At the "very time" a time fixed by God

Rea Ideas:

- 1. So... God is faithful?
- 2. Perhaps Sarah got the promise too, because she doubted?
- 3. God's delay in answering His promise... what is that all about?

II. God's Promise Remembered - Genesis 21:3-7

- 1. The name Isaac (verse 3)
 - -usually the mom named the children

Rea

- -? many instances in which the dad named the child... what about John the Baptist dad?
- 2. "Isaac" means laughter
 - -both Abraham and Sarah laughed at the idea of having a child 17:17; 18:12
 - -the idea was absurd and unusual
 - -each time the name Isaac was used it reminded them of "is anything too hard for the Lord?" Gen. 18:14
- 3. Sarah bore him

Rea Rea -makes it a sure thing... he came through Sarah

-the impossible, the miracle are highlighted... meaning that this is not a natural thing, but God is doing a work

- 4. Circumcision (verses 4-5)
 - A. By Abraham
 - B. Abraham was 100 years old
 - C. Abraham was circumcised about a year before Isaac 17:24
 - D. Circumcision is a sign of their covenant with God

Rea -the symbol is not the covenant... but simply a symbol of the reality

5. The birth is impossible - at least by human standards - expectations

-by making the birth so very different it highlights the work of God, not man

6. Sarah's words after birth (verses 6-7)

A. Incredible joy

-to the point of laughter

B. The name "Isaac" is appropriate

C. Though they had been faithful, they had not received children from God -is it possible then, to be faithful, and be denied the "desires of your heart?"

D. The use of Hagar only worsened Sarah's pain in being childless - 16:5-6

E. A rhetorical question... who would've ever thought?

Rea **Ideas**:

Rea

Rea

Rea

- 1. So, does the laughter show a lack of faith or an expression of joy at God's work?
- 2. Her conversation with herself/ Abraham shows her realization of what God has done... a sense of wonder in her words a "wow" moment
- 3. How much of this story do you think their friends and family knew? all of it, or just parts?
- 4. Is there any significance in the idea that a promise is given... then fulfilled, to a woman? why do you think that across history the promise to Abraham has taken so much precedence, in view of the fact that there is a promise also made to Sarah?

III. God's Promise Rejoiced - Genesis 21:8

- 1. Egyptians nursed their children for three years
 - -Isaac was likely weaned around two or three
- 2. Sometimes feasts were held to celebrate the weaning
 - -custom of the region... or a proud dad?
- 3. Abraham had been despondent (15:2) but now there is a feast attitude
- Rea 4. The feast celebrated transition from childhood
 - 5. The promises were coming true... God was fulfilling His covenant
 - -ramifications for Israel (the nation)
 - -ramifications for the realm of humanity... Jesus was coming

Rea Ideas:

- 1. The idea that he grew up simply marks the idea that he is a normal child... coming of age... and the miracle of God is a true, and enduring one
- 2. Special: child, covenant, family
- 3. Compare the normal processes... with the supernatural
 - -normal childhood, supernatural birth
 - -supernatural promise... to a natural man
 - -supernatural = God, involved in the natural arena = Abraham
- 4. Great is thy faithfulness!